- (d) If filed on or after the date set by the administrative law judge for a hearing, the affidavit shall make the statements required by paragraphs (b) (1) through (4) of this section and shall state that:
- (1) The practitioner acknowledges the facts upon which the complaint is based are true; and
- (2) The resignation is being submitted because the practitioner could not successfully defend himself or herself against (i) charges predicated on the violation under investigation or (ii) charges set out in the complaint.
- (e) When an affidavit under paragraph (b) or (c) of this section is received while an investigation is pending, the Commissioner shall enter an order excluding the practitioner "on consent." When an affidavit under paragraph (b) or (c) of this section is received after a complaint under §10.134 has been filed, the Director shall notify the administrative law judge. The administrative law judge shall enter an order transferring the disciplinary proceeding to the Commissioner and the Commissioner shall enter an order excluding the practitioner "on consent."
- (f) Any practitioner who resigns from practice before the Office under this section and who intends to reapply for admission to practice before the Office must comply with the provisions of §10.158.
- (g) Settlement. Before or after a complaint is filed under §10.134, a settlement conference may occur between the Director and a practitioner for the purpose of settling any disciplinary matter. If an offer of settlement is made by the Director or the practitioner and is not accepted by the other, no reference to the offer of settlement or its refusal shall be admissible in evidence in the disciplinary proceeding unless both the Director and the practitioner agree in writing.

§10.134 Complaint.

- (a) A complaint instituting a disciplinary proceeding shall:
- (1) Name the practitioner, who may then be referred to as the "respondent."

- (2) Give a plain and concise description of the alleged violations of the Disciplinary Rules by the practitioner.
- (3) State the place and time for filing an answer by the respondent.
- (4) State that a decision by default may be entered against the respondent if an answer is not timely filed.
 - (5) Be signed by the Director.
- (b) A complaint will be deemed sufficient if it fairly informs the respondent of any violation of the Disciplinary Rules which form the basis for the disciplinary proceeding so that the respondent is able to adequately prepare a defense.

§ 10.135 Service of complaint.

- (a) A complaint may be served on a respondent in any of the following methods:
- (1) By handing a copy of the complaint personally to the respondent, in which case the individual handing the complaint to the respondent shall file an affidavit with the Director indicating the time and place the complaint was handed to the respondent.
- (2) By mailing a copy of the complaint by "Express Mail" or first-class mail to:
- (i) A registered practitioner at the address for which separate notice was last received by the Director or
- (ii) A non-registered practitioner at the last address for the respondent known to the Director.
- (3) By any method mutually agreeable to the Director and the respondent.
- (b) If a complaint served by mail under paragraph (a)(2) of this section is returned by the U.S. Postal Service, the Director shall mail a second copy of the complaint to the respondent. If the second copy of the complaint is also returned by the U.S. Postal Service, the Director shall serve the respondent by publishing an appropriate notice in the Official Gazette for four consecutive weeks, in which case the time for answer shall be at least thirty days from the fourth publication of the notice.
- (c) If a respondent is a registered practitioner, the Director may serve simultaneously with the complaint a letter under §10.11(b). The Director may require the respondent to answer the

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10.11(b) letter within a period of not less than 15 days. An answer to the §10.11(b) letter shall constitute proof of service. If the respondent fails to answer the §10.11(b) letter, his or her name will be removed from the register as provided by §10.11(b).

(d) If the respondent is represented by an attorney under §10.140(a), a copy of the complaint shall also be served on the attorney.

§ 10.136 Answer to complaint.

- (a) Time for answer. An answer to a complaint shall be filed within a time set in the complaint which shall be not less than thirty days.
- (b) With whom filed. The answer shall be filed in writing with the administrative law judge. The time for filing an answer may be extended once for a period of no more than thirty days by the administrative law judge upon a showing of good cause provided a motion requesting an extension of time is filed within thirty days after the date the complaint is filed by the Director. A copy of the answer shall be served on the Director.
- (c) Content. The respondent shall include in the answer a statement of the facts which constitute the grounds of defense and shall specifically admit or deny each allegation set forth in the complaint. The respondent shall not deny a material allegation in the complaint which the respondent knows to be true or state that respondent is without sufficient information to form a belief as to the truth of an allegation when in fact the respondent possesses that information. The respondent shall also state affirmatively special matters of defense.
- (d) Failure to deny allegations in complaint. Every allegation in the complaint which is not denied by a respondent in the answer is deemed to be admitted and may be considered proven. No further evidence in respect of that allegation need be received by the administrative law judge at any hearing. Failure to timely file an answer will constitute an admission of the allegations in the complaint.
- (e) Reply by Director. No reply to an answer is required by the Director and any affirmative defense in the answer shall be deemed to be denied. The Di-

rector may, however, file a reply if he or she chooses or if ordered by the administrative law judge.

[50 FR 5172, Feb. 6, 1985; 50 FR 25073, June 17,

§ 10.137 Supplemental complaint.

False statements in an answer may be made the basis of a supplemental complaint.

§ 10.138 Contested case.

Upon the filing of an answer by the respondent, a disciplinary proceeding shall be regarded as a contested case within the meaning of 35 U.S.C. 24. Evidence obtained by a subpoena issued under 35 U.S.C. 24 shall not be admitted into the record or considered unless leave to proceed under 35 U.S.C. 24 was previously authorized by the administrative law judge.

§10.139 Administrative law judge; appointment; responsibilities; review of interlocutory orders; stays.

- (a) Appointment. An administrative law judge, appointed under 5 U.S.C. 3105, shall conduct disciplinary proceedings as provided by this part.
 (b) Responsibilities. The administra-
- tive law judge shall have authority to:
- (1) Administer oaths and affirmations:
- (2) Make rulings upon motions and other requests:
- (3) Rule upon offers of proof, receive relevant evidence, and examine witnesses:
- (4) Authorize the taking of a deposition of a witness in lieu of personal appearance of the witness before the administrative law judge:
- (5) Determine the time and place of any hearing and regulate its course and conduct:
- (6) Hold or provide for the holding of conferences to settle or simplify the issues:
- (7) Receive and consider oral or written arguments on facts or law:
- (8) Adopt procedures and modify procedures from time to time as occasion requires for the orderly disposition of proceedings:
- (9) Make initial decisions under § 10.154: and
- (10) Perform acts and take measures as necessary to promote the efficient